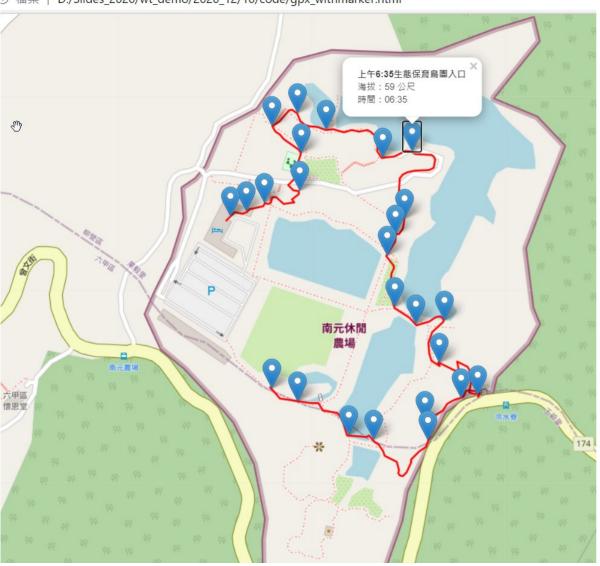
## gpxpy and folium



## 站在 folium 模組的肩膀上 開發有趣的互動式地圖

Python 3.8.5 Shell

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window

```
Python 3.8.5 (tags/v3.8.5:580fbb0, J
D64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits"
>>>
===== RESTART: D:\Slides_2020\wt_d
上午6:44渡假中心大門口 -> 06:44
   6:43圓環 -> 06:43
         坡階梯入口 -> 06:41
            保育鳥園入口 -> 06:35
           坡水泥階梯 -> 06:31
               . 坡入口 -> 06:24
           角亭上坡入口 -> 06:22
    6:19楓咖啡岔路入口 -> 06:19
   -6:18阿嫲乀甘仔店 -> 06:18
上午6:17可樂屋 -> 06:17
```

## 人生苦短, 趕快來學 python 吧

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
 1 import gpxpy
 2 import folium
  gpx file = open('20201127 南元農場步道清晨試走.gpx', 'rt', encoding='utf-8')
  gpx = gpxpy.parse(gpx file)
  gpx file.close()
10 # 收集所有的軌跡點,每個軌跡點以tuple表示,每點包含緯度和精度
11 points = []
12 for track in gpx.tracks:
      for segment in track.segments:
          for point in segment.points:
              points.append(tuple([point.latitude, point.longitude]))
17 ave lat = sum(p[0] for p in points)/len(points) # 計算所有軌跡點的平均緯度
18 ave lon = sum(p[1] for p in points)/len(points) # 計算所有軌跡點的平均經度
20 # 根據上面計算出的平均緯度和經度為中心、載入地圖
21 my map = folium.Map(location=[ave_lat, ave_lon], zoom start=16)
23 # 收集所有的路點,並準備popup window要顯示的名稱,時間和海拔
24 for p in gpx.waypoints:
      name = p.name
      time = str(p.time.astimezone())[10:16].strip()
      elev = int(p.elevation)
      print('\{\} \rightarrow \{\}', format(name, time))
      popuptext = '<b>{}</b>>海拔:{} 公尺<br>時間:{}'.format(name,elev,time)
      test = folium.Html(popuptext, script=True)
      info = folium.Popup(test, max width=150,min width=100)
      #add markers
      folium.Marker(location=(p.latitude, p.longitude),popup=info).add_to(my_map)
36 #add lines
37 folium.PolyLine(points, color="red", weight=2.5, opacity=1).add to(my map)
39 mv map.save("./gpx withmarker.html") # Save map
40
```

apxpy folium 0.py - D:\Slides 2020\wt demo\2020 12\10\code\apxpy folium 0.py (3.8.5)